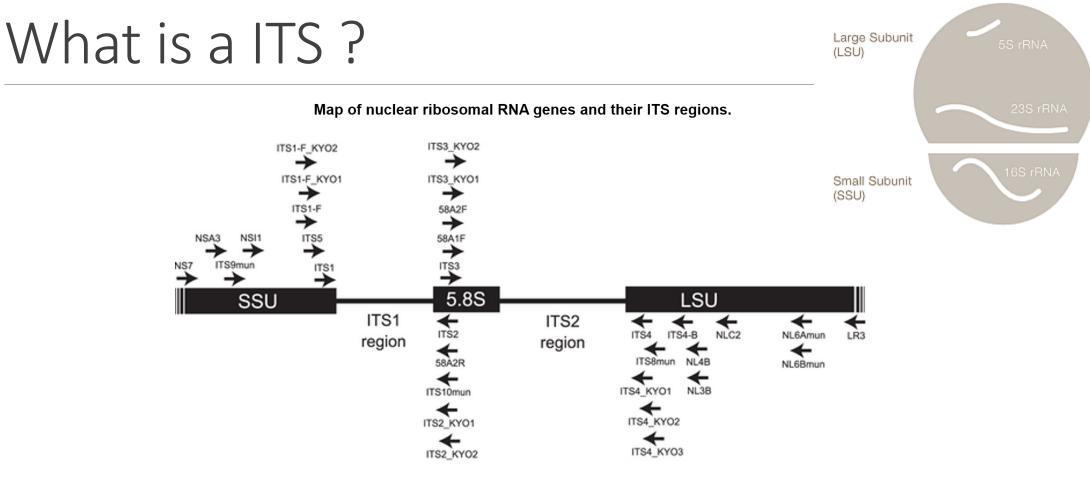


ITS analysis in FROGS ?

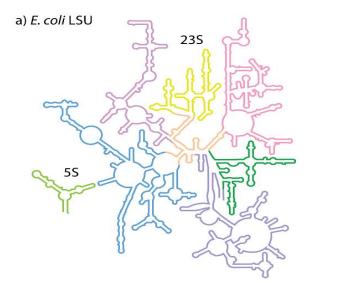
TRAINING ON GALAXY: METAGENOMICS

NOVEMBER 2018 MARIA Bernard, OLIVIER Rué, <mark>Géraldine Pascal</mark>

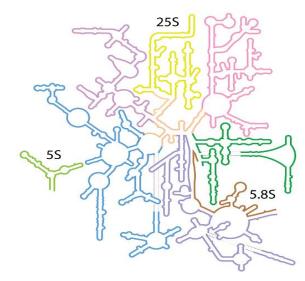
Prokaryotic Ribosome

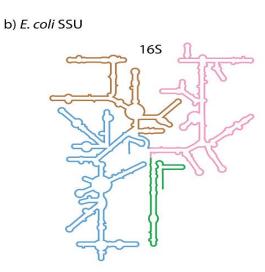


Toju H, Tanabe AS, Yamamoto S, Sato H (2012) High-Coverage ITS Primers for the DNA-Based Identification of Ascomycetes and Basidiomycetes in Environmental Samples. PLOS ONE 7(7): e40863. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0040863

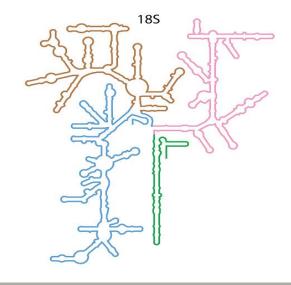


c) S. cerevisiae LSU





d) S. cerevisiae SSU



Schematic rRNA 2° structures of a) *E. coli* LSU, b) *E. coli* SSU, c) *S. cerevisiae* LSU, and d) *S. cerevisiae* SSU. These 2° structures are derived from 3D structures, and include non-canonical base pairs.

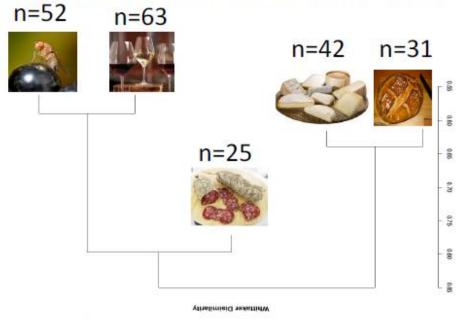
> Secondary Structures of rRNAs from All Three Domains of Life Anton S. Petrov , Chad R. Bernier, Burak Gulen, Chris C. Waterbury, Eli Hershkovits, Chiaolong Hsiao, Stephen C. Harvey, Nicholas V. Hud, George E. Fox, Roger M. Wartell, Loren Dean Williams February 5, 2014 https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0088222

ITS data form METABARFOOD Project metaprogramme MEM



Yeast catalog in food ecosystems

Number of yeast species reported at least twice in each ecosystem and their dissimilarity between ecosystems, as measured by the Whittaker distance



- While metabarcoding is commonly used to describe prokaryotes in the microbiome of many environments, methods for describing micro-eukaryote diversity is lacking and requires better methodology and standardisation.
- One reason is that the universal fungal barcode, the Internal Transcribed Spacer (ITS) region, displays considerable size variation amongst yeasts and other micro-eukaryotes.
- There are also several repeats leading to sequencing errors or termination.
- Additionally, the ITS databases are far from complete, especially for Ascomycota that are commonly found in food.
- Other rDNA barcodes have been used but often do not harbor enough polymorphism to detect taxa to the species level.
- In food, microbiota are usually composed of a reduced number of species compared to wild environments.
- Detecting micro-eukaryotes at the species level, and potentially strain level, is therefore necessary.

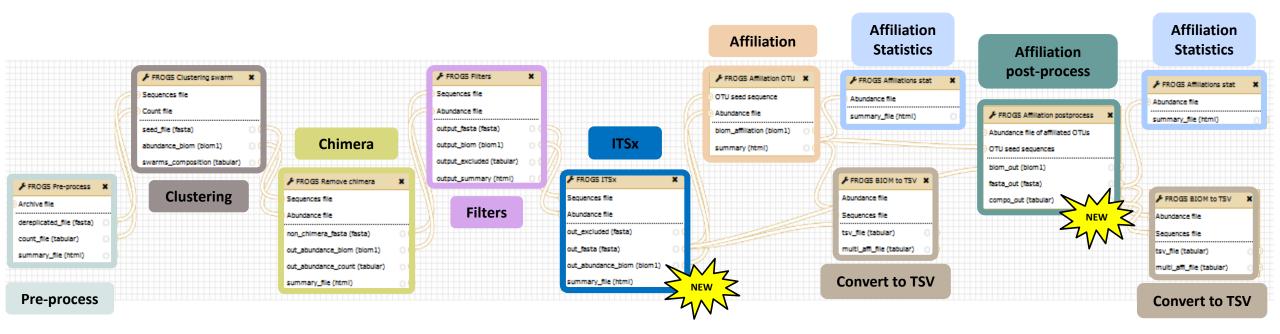


Case of ITS1 amplicon MiSeq sequencing, a case of a sequencing of non-overlapping sequences

Imagine a real amplicon sequence of 700bp	700bp				
Imagine a Miseq paired sequencing of 2x250bp R1 : 250bp	R2 : 250bp				
Reconstructing amplicon sequence is not possible with overlap, an arbitrary sequence of 100Ns is added. It is named « FROGS combined »					



What workflow should we use to analyse ITS ?





Pre-process tool

FROGS Pre-process merging, denoising and dereplication. (Galaxy Version r3.0-3.0)

-



Sequencer

Illumina

Select the sequencing technology used to produce the sequences.

Input type

Archive

Samples files can be provided in single archive or with two files (R1 and R2) by sample.

Archive file

C 2 C	1: /work/frogsfungi/ITS.tar.gz
-------	--------------------------------

The tar file containing the sequences file(s) for each sample.

Reads already merged ?

No

The archive contains 1 file by sample : R1 and R2 are already merged by pair.

Reads 1 size

250

The maximum read1 size.

Reads 2 size

250

The maximum read2 size.

mismatch rate.

0.1

The maximum rate of mismatch in the overlap region

Merge software

Vsearch

Yes No

Select the software to merge paired-end reads.

Would you like to keep unmerged reads?

To keep FROGS combined sequences, choose YES

No : Unmerged reads will be excluded; Yes : unmerged reads will be artificially combined with 100 N. (default No)



Minimum amplicon size

50

The minimum size for the amplicons (with primers).

Maximum amplicon size

490

The maximum size for the amplicons (with primers).

Sequencing protocol

Illumina standard

The protocol used for sequencing step: standard or custom with PCR primers as sequencing primers.

5' primer

CTTGGTCATTTAGAGGAAGTAA

The 5' primer sequence (wildcards are accepted). The orientation is detailed below in 'Primers parameters'.

3' primer

GCATCGATGAAGAACGCAGC

The 3' primer sequence (wildcards are accepted). The orientation is detailed below in 'Primers parameters'.

Execute

-



Exercise 2.3

Go to « ITS » history

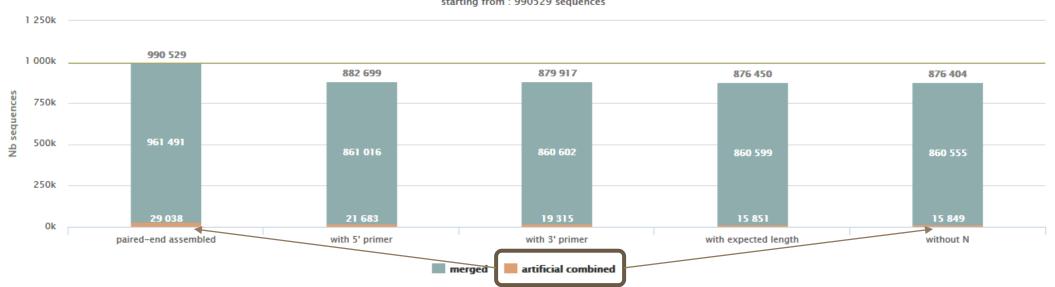
Launch the pre-process tool on this data set

 \rightarrow objective: understand preprocess report and « FROGS combined sequences »



Explore Preprocess report.html

Preprocess summary



Summary starting from : 990529 sequences Ŀ



Explore Preprocess report.html

Show	10 ¢ entries					Se	earch:
	Samples	î↓ % kept ↑	paired-end assembled	11 with 5' primer	î↓ with 3' primer	↑↓ with expected lengt	th î↓ without
	complexe-ADN-1	91.09	54,121	49,322	49,303	49,303	49,299
	echantillon1-1	84.93	31,836	27,059	27,040	27,040	27,039
	echantillon1-2	94.73	54,774	51,938	51,895	51,895	51,890
	echantillon1-3	74.90	81,611	61,197	61,135	61,134	61,128
	echantillon2-1	90.17	51,984	46,886	46,875	46,874	46,873

Details on artificial combined sequences						
Show 10 🜩 entries	1				Se	arch:
Samples	†↓ % kept ↑↓	paired-end assembled	$^{\uparrow\downarrow}$ with 5' primer	$^{\uparrow\downarrow}$ with 3' primer	$^{\uparrow\downarrow}$ with expected length	h $\uparrow \downarrow$ without N $\uparrow \downarrow$
complexe-ADN-1	68.47	2,163	1,833	1,656	1,481	1,481
echantillon1-1	54.92	1,047	751	620	575	575
echantillon1-2	61.57	1,392	1,096	942	858	857
echantillon1-3	49.54	2,491	1,617	1,334	1,234	1,234
echantillon2-1	44.62	1,421	996	899	634	634

2 tables:

FROGS "combined" sequences are artificial and present particular features especially on size.

Imagine a MiSeq sequencing of 2x250pb with reads impossible to overlap. So FROGS "combined" length = 600 bp.

Case 1:	real amplicon \ge 601 bp \Rightarrow "FROGS combined" length is smaller than the reality 700bp			
	NNNNNNNNNNN			
Case 2:	real amplicon = 600 bp \rightarrow "FROGS combined" length is equal to the reality 600bp			
	NNNNNNNNNNN			
Case 3:	real amplicon \ge 500 and \le 599 \Rightarrow "FROGS combined" length is greater than the reality 500bp			
	NNNNNNNNNNN			
Case 4 : real amplicon ≥ 491 and ≤ 499 → FROGS combined length is greater than the reality and duplicate small sequences (between 1 and 9 bp flanking the 100 Ns added. 493bp				
	OVERLAPNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN			

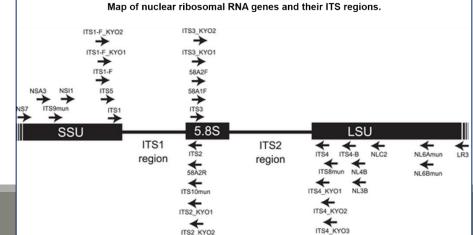


ITSx tools



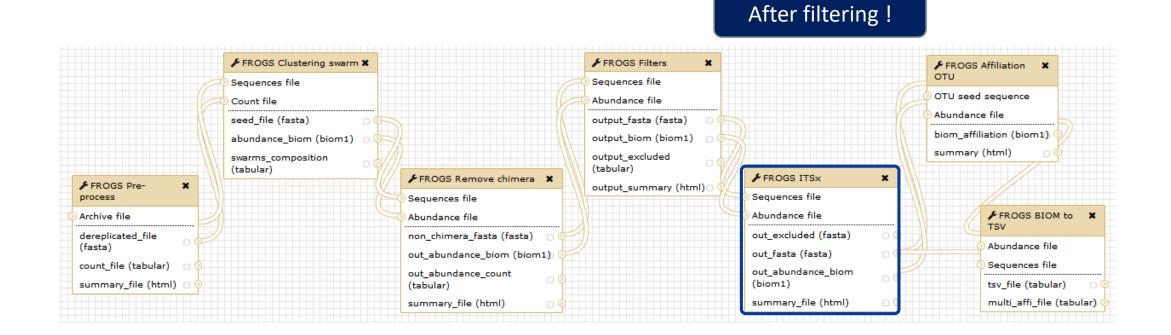
What is the purpose of the ITSx tool?

- ITSx is a tool to filter sequences.
- ITSx identifies and trimms ITS regions in our sequences.
- It excludes the highly conserved neighbouring sequences SSU, 5S and ARNr LSU.
- If the ITS1 or ITS2 region is not detected, the sequence is discarded.
- You can choose to check only if the sequence is detected as an ITS.
- In this case, the sequence is not trimmed, only sequences not detected as ITS are rejected (e.g. contaminants).
 Map of nuclear ribosomal RNA genes and their ITS regions.





When should we use ITSx ?





FROGS ITSx Extract the highly variable ITS1 and ITS2 subregions from ITS sequences. (Galaxy Version r3.0-1.0) • Option
Sequences file
13: FROGS Filters: sequences.fasta
The sequence file to filter (format: fasta).
Abundance file
14: FROGS Filters: abundance.biom
The abundance file to filter (format: BIOM).
ITS region
ITS1
Which fungal ITS region is targeted: either ITS1 or ITS2
Check only if sequence detected as ITS ?
Yes No
If Yes, sequences with ITS signature will be kept without trimming SSU, LSU or 5.8S regions.
✓ Execute



Check only if sequence is detected as ITS? Yes or not?

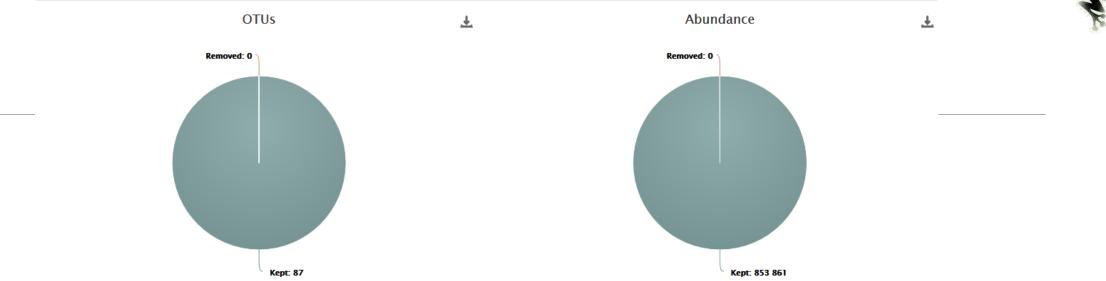
- It is interesting to keep only the ITS parts without the flanking sequences in case one would like to compare sequenced amplicons with different primers targeting the same region to be amplified.
- You can choose this option on configuration panel of ITSx Tool.
- Reply "No" to question "Check only if sequence is detected as ITS?".
- In opposite, if "Yes" is chosen, sequences with ITS signature will be kept without trimming SSU, LSU or 5.8S regions.



Carreful !

- The ITSx step is time consuming and has to be done on clusters. We advise our users to apply ITSx in 5th step:
- 1. Preprocess step,
- 2. Clustering step,
- 3. Chimera removing step,
- 4. Filter on OTUs abundances and replicats step,
- 5. ITSx if Fungi ITS amplicons.
- Carreful, ITSx is currently usable for the detection of fungi ITS <u>neither</u> plants <u>nor</u> other eukaryotes.

Filters (ITSx) summary



Filters (ITSx) by samples

			Search:	Let CSV
^{↑↓} Initial	î↓ Kept	$\uparrow \downarrow$ Initial abundance	î 🌡 Kept abundance	ţ↑
65	65	47,980	47,980	
63	63	26,797	26,797	
64	64	51,499	51,499	
	65	65 65 63 63	65 65 47,980 63 63 26,797	Initial Imitial Imitial abundance Imitial abundance 65 65 47,980 47,980 63 63 63 26,797 26,797



ITS Affiliation



What is special about the affiliation of ITS (with combined sequences more broadly)?

- blastn+ or needlall is used to find alignment between each OTU and the database.
- Only the bests hits with the same score are reported.
- blastn+ is used for merged read pair, and needall is used for artificially combined sequence.
- For each alignment returned, several metrics are computed: identity percentage, coverage percentage, and alignment length.
- If "combined" sequences are stayed presents in OTUs, blastn+ is not usable as for classical merged sequences.



What is special about the affiliation of ITS (with combined sequences more broadly)?

- So, sequences are affiliated in 3 steps: Alignment of classical "merged" sequences with blastn+ versus chosen database (e.g. UNITE),
- Alignment of "combined" sequences with blastn+ versus chosen database, best hits are collected and a very small new databank (at most 200 references per blast hit) is created composed exclusively of "subject" sequences from these best hits,
- Alignment of "combined" sequences with needlall (global alignment: very time consuming) versus these small new databank.



Careful, with "combined" sequences, we introduced some modification on identity percentage



Case 1: a sequencing of overlapping sequences i.e. 16S V3-V4 amplicon MiSeq sequencing

Imagine a real amplicon sequence of 400bp

400bp

Reconstructing amplicon sequence is a merged sequence (length : 400bp, with 100bp overlap)

Affiliation is notably made by a local alignment with NCBI Blast+

Imagine a perfect sequencing without error:

classical %id = number of matches / alignment length = 400 matches / 400 positions = 100% identity

Case2: a sequencing of non-overlapping sequences. case of ITS1 amplicon MiSeq sequencing

Imagine a real amplicon sequence of 700bp

700bp

Reconstructing a FROGS combined sequence (length : 600bp, with 100Ns)

Affiliation could not be made by a local alignment but with a global alignment with Emboss needleall

·····

Imagine a perfect sequencing without error: classical %id = number of matches / alignment length = (250+250 matches) / 700 positions = 71%



Conclusion on identity percentage for ITS

Filtering on %id will systematically removed "FROGS combined" OTUs. So, we proposed to replace the classical %id by a %id computed on the sequenced bases only.

% sequenced bases identity = number of matches / (seed length – artificial added N)

Case 1 : 16S V3V4 → overlapped sequence

% sequenced bases identity = 400 matches / 400 bp = **100** %

Case 2 : very large ITS1 → "FROGS combined" shorter than the real sequence % sequenced bases identity = (250 + 250) / (600 - 100) = **100%**

This calculation allows the 100% identity score to be returned on FROGS "combined" shorter or longer than reality in case of perfect sequencing. And returns a lower percentage of identity in the case of repeated small overlaps kept in the FROGS "combined".



Affiliation Post-process

This tool allows grouping OTUs together in accordance with the %id and %cov chosen by the user and according to the following criteria:

1. They must have the same affiliation

Or

2. If they have "multi-affiliation" tag in FROGS taxonomy, they must have in common in their list of possible affiliations at least one identical affiliation.

In consequence:

The different affiliations involved in multi-affiliation are merged.

The abundances are added together.

It is the most abundant OTU seed that is kept.



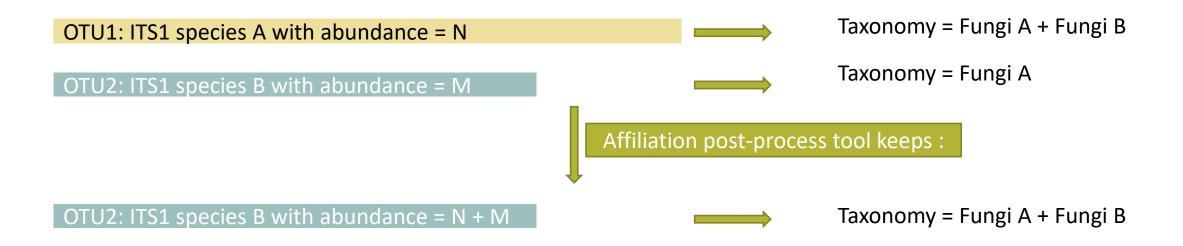
In case of ITS amplicon analyses,

you may have ambiguities due to inclusive ITS sequence coming from different species.

The tool will keep affiliation of the shortest sequence in case of multi-affilition tag.

This "Affiliation post-process" tool helps to resolve ambiguities due to potentially inclusive sequences such as ITS.

ITS1 blue is completly included (with 100% identity) in ITS1 yellow



FROGS Affiliation postprocess Optionnal step to resolve inclusive amplicon ambiguities and to aggregate OTUs based on • Options



•

•

alignment metrics (Galaxy Version r3.0-1.0)

Abundance file of affiliated OTUs



23: FROGS ITSx: itsx.biom

Abundances of affiliated OTUs (format: BIOM).

OTU seed sequences



22: FROGS ITSx: itsx.fasta

OTU sequences (format: fasta).

Is this an hyper variable in length amplicon ?

Yes No

Multi-affiliation tag may be resolved by selecting the shortest amplicon reference. For this you need the reference fasta file of your kind of amplicon.

Using reference database UNITE_7.1_ITS1	you which ITS 1 or 2 you want to analyse,	 Q_
M UNITE_7.1_ITS1		
OTUs will be aggregated if they share the	same taxonomy with at least X% identity.	
minimum coverage for aggregation		
99		

OTUs will be aggregated if they share the same taxonomy with at least X% alignment coverage.



Post-affiliation Tool - output

Cluster_1 Cluster_781 Cluster_922 Cluster_930 Cluster_3573 Clu Cluster_2 Cluster_313 Cluster_469 Cluster_445 Cluster_105 Clus	ster_1298 Cluster_798 Cluster_738 Cluster_918 ter_912 Cluster_471 Cluster_1152 Cluster_1145	Cluster 1 encapsulate also clusters
Cluster_3 Cluster_599 Cluster_114 Cluster 4 Cluster 109		781, 922, 930, 3573, 1298, 798 and
Cluster 5 Cluster 140 Cluster 3850		918
Cluster_6 Cluster_195 Cluster_905 Cluster_388 Cluster_275 Cluster_7		910
Cluster_8		
Cluster_9	>Cluster_1 reference=AB241105 amplicon=144	
Cluster_10		GCGTGCGGGATGACGGCCTTCGGGTTGTAAACCGCTTTTAATTGGGAGCAAGCA
Cluster_11	>Cluster_2 reference=AJ496032 amplicon=145	
Cluster_12		ACGTGTGGGAAGAAGCATTTCGGTGTGTAAACCACTGTCATGAGGGAATAAGGCCCGCCI
Cluster_13	>Cluster_3 reference=EU240886 amplicon=146 TAGGANTETTECCENTEGECENTE	GCGTGTGCGAAGAAGGTCTTCGGATCGTAAAGCACTGTTGTTAAGGAAGAACGACAGTAA
Cluster_14 Cluster 15	>Cluster 4 reference=U39399 amplicon=1459	
Cluster 16		GCGTGTGTGAAGAAGGCCTTTTGGTTGTAAAGCACTTTAAGCAGTGAAGAAGACTCCGTG
Cluster 17	>Cluster 5 reference=FR733705 amplicon=145	
Cluster 18		GCGTGAAGGAAGAAGTCCTTCGGGATGTAAACTTCTGAACTAATCGAATAAGAGGGTAGI
Cluster 20	>Cluster_6 reference=GU575117 amplicon=143	4 position=1434
Cluster_19		GCGTGTGTGATGAAGGCCCTAGGGTTGTAAAGCACTTTCAACGGTGAAGATAATGACGGT
Cluster_21	>Cluster_7 reference=AB272165 amplicon=145	-
Cluster_22		GCGTGCCGGACGAAGGCCCTCAGGGTCGTAAACGGCTTTTGCCGGGGAAGAAGAGGTTCC
Cluster_23	>Cluster_8 reference=AJ292759 amplicon=143	-
Cluster_25		GCGTGAGTGATGAAGGCCTTCGGGTCGTAAAGCTCTGTCGCAGGGGAATAACACAATGA
Cluster_24	<pre>>Cluster_9 reference=CP000027 amplicon=143 Chacabarcerererererererererererererererererere</pre>	5 position=1435 GCGTGAGGGATGAAGGCTTTCGGGTTGTAAACCTCTTTTCACAGGGAAGAATAATGACGG
Cluster 14	<pre>>Cluster_10 reference=JN880417 amplicon=14</pre>	
		CCGCGTGCGCGATGAAGGCCTTCGGGTTGTAAAGCGCGAAAGAGGTAATAAAGGGAAACI
	>Cluster 11 reference=EF660760 amplicon=14	
		GCGTGAATGATGAAGGCCTTAGGGTTGTAAAATTCTTTCGCCAGGGATGATAATGACAGI
	>Cluster 12 reference=AB594446 amplicon=14	
		GCGTGGGGGGATGACGGCCTTCGGGTTGTAAACTCCTTTCGCCATTGACGAAGCCTTTTC
	<pre>>Cluster_13 reference=U93332 amplicon=1439</pre>	position=1439 errors=426%C



Workflow creation

Workflow Canvas | frogs v1.0

Details

		Tool: (beta) FROGS Filters (beta)
		Version: 1.0.0
	(beta) FROGS Clustering swarm 🗙	None: V
(beta) FROGS Pre-process X Illumina (beta)	(beta) Cluster file	Biom File Data input 'biom' (txt)
Archive file	Sequences file summary_file (html)	Fasta File
dereplicated_file (fasta)	Ocunt file	Data input 'fasta' (fasta)
count_file (tabular)	abundance_biom (txt) (beta) FROGS Remove chimera	Remove phiX: v
summary_file (html)	swarms_composition (tabular)	PhiX databank: 🔻
	Sequences file	phiX -
	Abundance file	*** THE FILTERS ON OTUS
	non_chimera_fasta (fasta) out_abundance_biom (txt)	IN SAMPLES, OTUS SIZE and SEQUENCE PERCENTAGE :
	aut shundance count (tabular)	Apply filters 👻
(beta) FROGS Filters	(beta) X summary_file (html)	Remove OTUs that are not
Biom File		present at least in XX samples; how many samples
Sector Fasta File		do you choose? : V
summary (txt)	8 🛇 (beta) FROGS Affiliation otu 165 🗶	
fasta_output (fasta)		When sorted by abundance,
web (html)	OTU abondance in biom format (beta)	how many OTU do you want
biom_output (txt)	© OTU seed sequence in fasta format	to keep ?: V
krona (html)	o biom_affiliation (txt) o summary_file (html) o o	
	summary_file (html)	proportion/number of sequences threshold to remove an OTU: V
(beta) (beta)	FROGS Clusters stat 🗶	0.00005
		*** THE FILTERS ON RDP :
Cluste		No filters -
	ary_file (html)	*** THE FILTERS ON BLAST :
		No filters -



Your Turn! – 10

CREATE YOUR OWN WORKFLOW !



Exercise 10

1. Create your own workflow with ITS data



Exercise 10					
	1			2	
Galaxy Sigenae - Welcome gpascal Anal	yze Data Workflow Shared Data 🗸	Visualization - Help -	User▼		Using 18.3 GB
Your workflows				Create new workflow	🕆 Upload or import workflow
Name			#	of Steps	
formation workflow -			9		
demoNEM2015 workflow -			9		
FROGS_v1.0_06_05_2015 -			10)	

Workflows shared with you by others

No workflows have been shared with you.

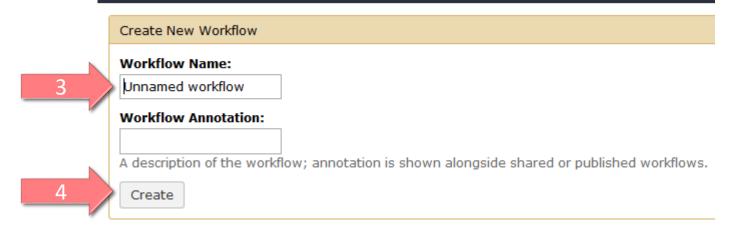
Other options

Configure your workflow menu



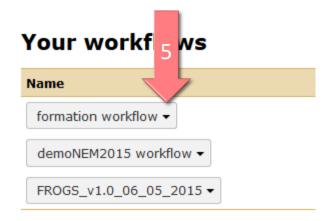
Exercise 10

Galaxy Sigenae - Welcome gpascal Analyze Data Workflow





Exercise 10



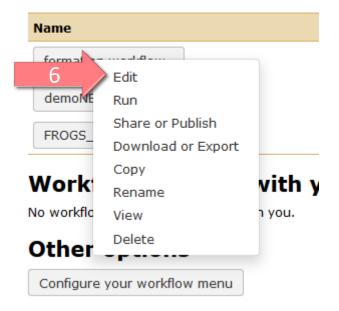
Workflows shared with y

No workflows have been shared with you.

Other options

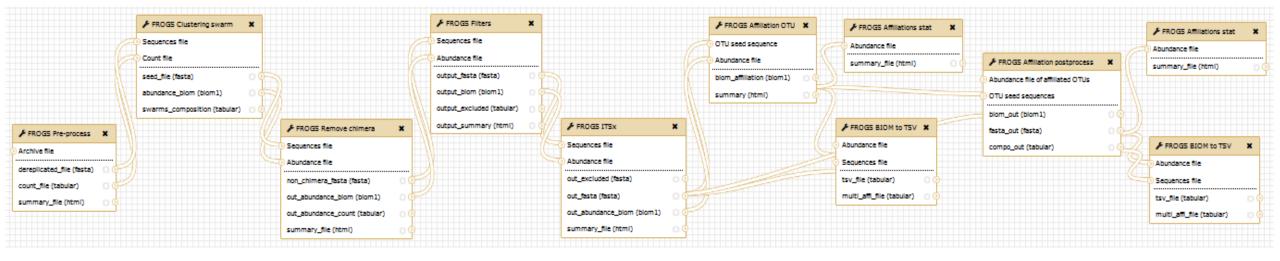
Configure your workflow menu

Your workflows

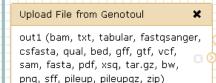




Solution of exercise:







>

FROGS Pre-process Archive file dereplicated_file (fasta) count_file (tabular) summary_file (html)

FROGS Clustering swarm Sequences file Count file seed_file (fasta)

abundance_biom (biom1)

_swarms_composition (tabular) 🗆 📀

×

 FROGS Remove chimera
 X

 Sequences file
 Abundance file

 non_chimera_fasta (fasta)
 0

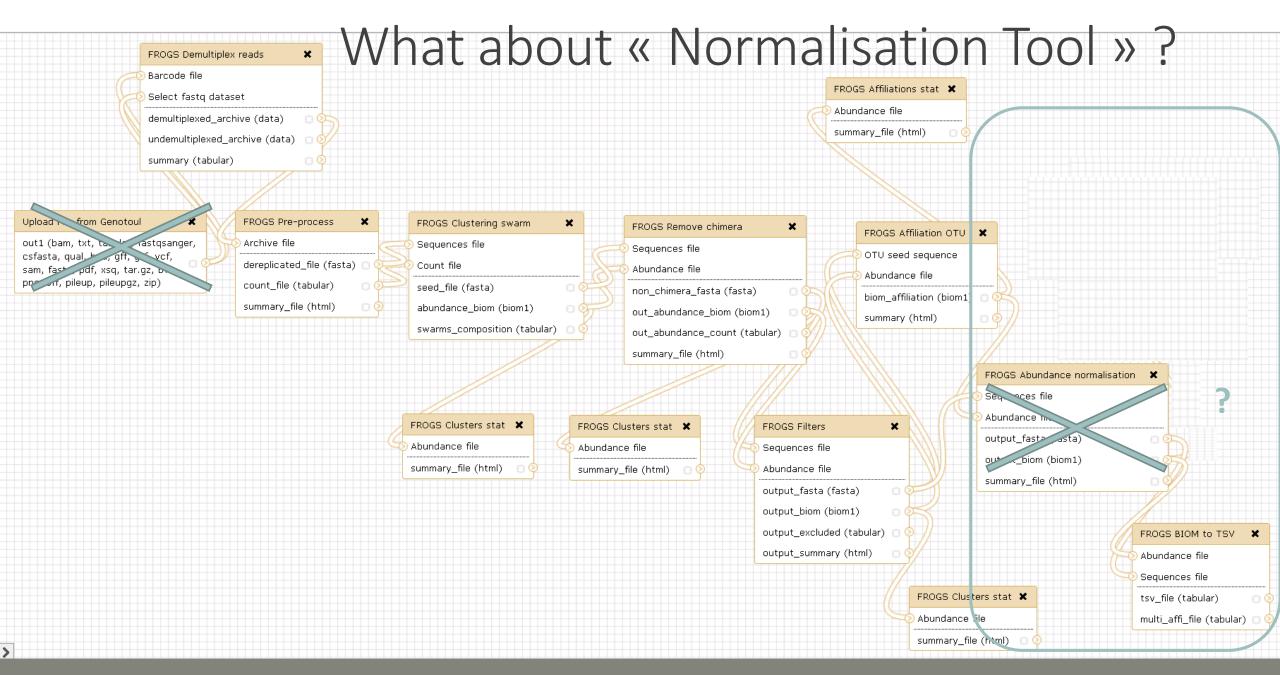
 out_abundance_biom (biom1)
 0

 out_abundance_count (tabular)
 0

 summary_file (html)
 0

FROGS Affiliation OTU X OTU seed sequence Abundance file biom_affiliation (biom1) 0 summary (html) 0





FROGS Pre-process × FROGS Clustering swarm × FROGS Remove chimera × FROGS Affiliation OTU 🗶 Archive file Sequences file Sequences file OTU seed sequence dereplicated_file (fasta) Count file Abundance file Abundance file count_file (tabular) seed_file (fasta) non_chimera_fasta (fasta) biom_affiliation (biom1) 🖸 summary_file (html) abundance_biom (biom1) out_abundance_biom (biom1) summary (html) swarms_composition (tabular) out_abundance_count (tabular) 🖸 summary_file (html)

For each tool, think to:

• Fixe parameter ?

FROGS Clustering swarmStep 2 in metagenomicsanalysis : clustering. (GalaxyVersion 2.3.0)

Sequences file

Data input 'sequence_file' (fasta) The sequences file (format: fasta).

Count file

Data input 'count_file' (tabular) It contains the count by sample for each sequence (format: TSV).

Aggregation distance

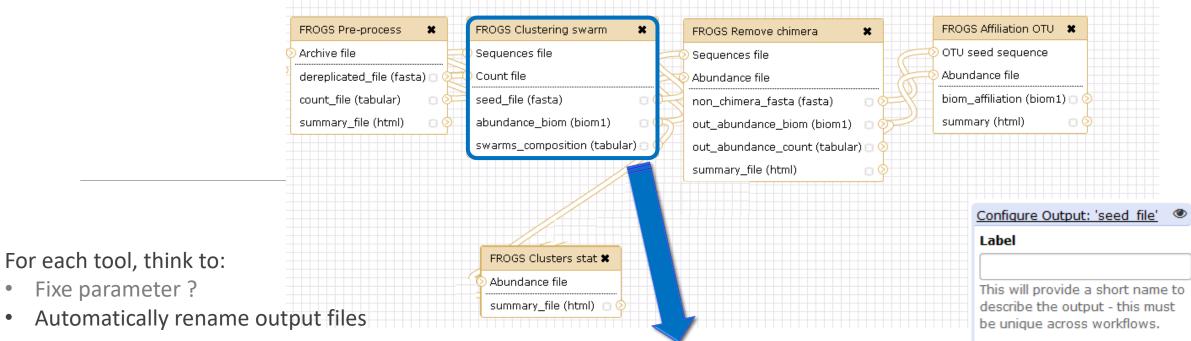
Set at Runtime

Maximum number of differences between sequences in each aggregation step.

Performe denoising clustering step?

Yes No

If checked, clustering will be perform in two steps, first with



Configure Output: 'seed_file'	ØÞ
Configure Output: 'abundance biom'	Ø
Configure Output: 'swarms_composition'	Ø

swarm_cluster_stat.html

output dataset. Click <u>here</u> for more information. Valid inputs are: **sequence_file, count_file**.

Change datatype

Rename dataset

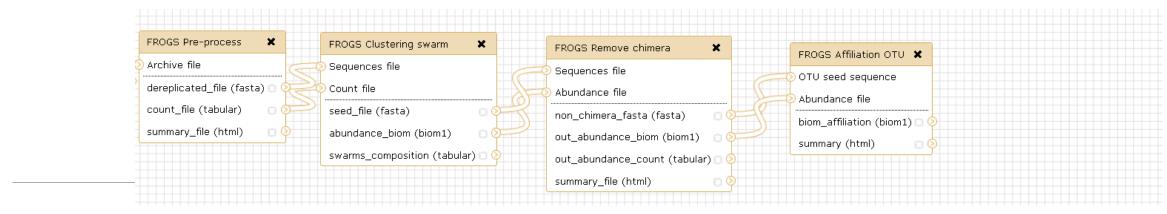
Leave unchanged

This action will change the datatype of the output to the indicated value.

Tags

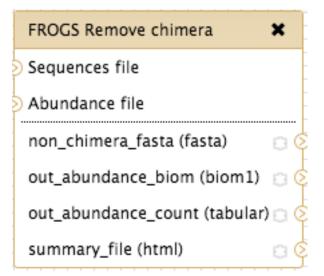
This action will set tags for the dataset.

-



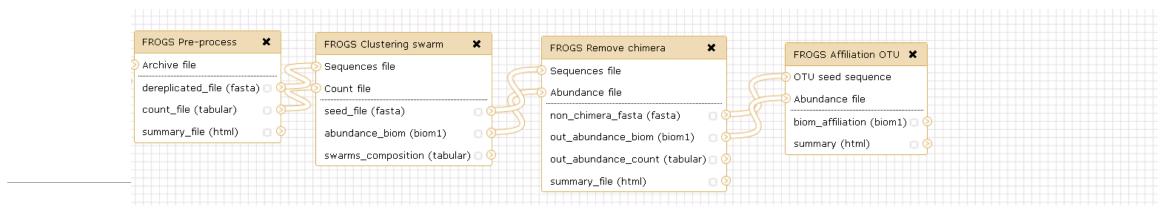
For each tool, think to:

- Fixe parameter ?
- Automatically rename output files
- Hide intermediate files ?





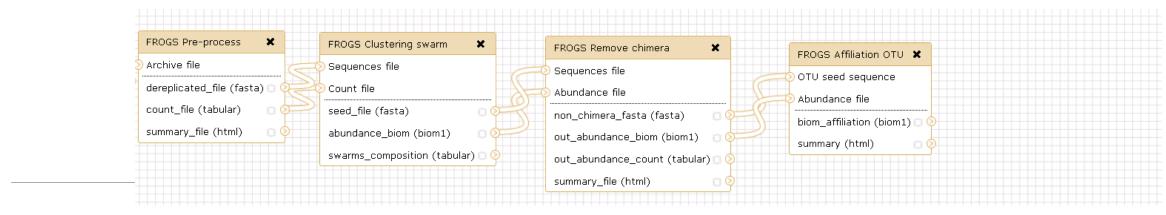
11: FROGS Remove chimera: report.html	• / ¤
10: FROGS Remove chimera: non chimera abundance.biom	• / %
<u>9: FROGS Remove chimera:</u> non_chimera.fasta	• / ¤



For each tool, think to:

- Fixe parameter ?
- Automatically rename output files
- Hide intermediate files ?

FROGS Remove chimera 🗙
The sequences file
To Abundance file
non_chimera_fasta (fasta) 🛛 💿 🔯
out_abundance_bionMark dataset as a workflow output. All unmarked datasets
out_abundance_count (tabwillabe hidden.
summary_file (html)



For each tool, think to:

- Fixe parameter ?
- Automatically rename output files
- Hide intermediate files ?

