

Training day

SLURM cluster

- Context
- Infrastructure
- Environment
- Software usage
- Help section
- SLURM
- TP
- For further with SLURM
- Best practices
- Support
- TP

Context

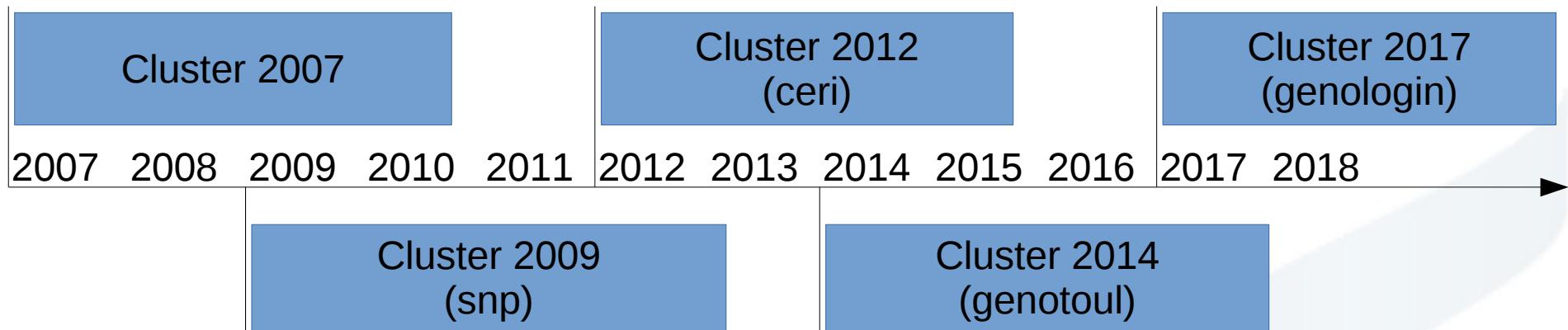
PRE-REQUISITE : LINUX

- connect to « genologin » server
- Basic command line utilization
- File System Hierarchy
- Useful tools (find, sort, cut, grep)
- Transferring & compressing files

TODAY

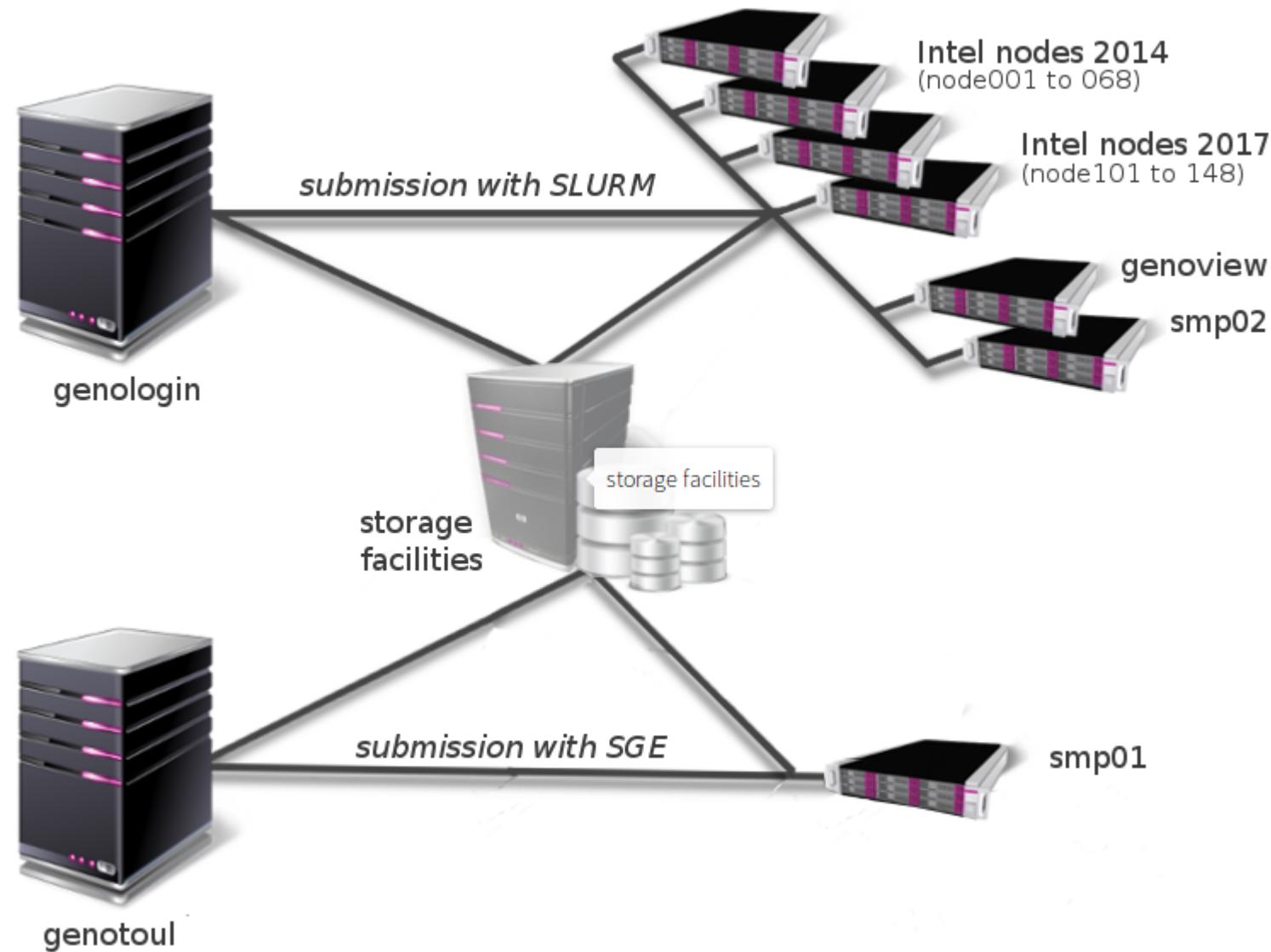
- How to use compute nodes cluster (submit, manage & monitor jobs)
- Objectives : Autonomy, self mastery

Context renewal strategy



- Overlapping clusters enabling to keep the service active and to renew the machines
- But this time we have changed the job scheduler (from SGE to SLURM)
- Only SLURM at the end on 2018

Infrastructure



Infrastructure login & compute nodes

login nodes

- 2 login nodes : genologin1&2 * (32 cores, 128 GB RAM)
- Alias : genologin.toulouse.inra.fr
- Linux based on CentOs-7 distribution
- Hundreds of users simultaneous
- Secured (ssh only)
- To serve development environments
- To test his script before data analysis
- To launch jobs on the cluster nodes
- To get data results on the /save directory

Infrastructure login & compute nodes

Compute nodes

- 1 visualization node : genoview (32 cores, 128GB, Nvidia K40)
- 68 compute nodes (gen N-1): [001 à 068] * (20 cores, 256GB)
- **48 compute nodes : [101 à 148] *** (32 cores, 256 GB)
- 1 SMP node: genosmp02 (48 cores, 1536GB RAM, 22TB HD)
- Low latency & high bandwidth interconnection (56GB/s)
- Interactive mode : for beginners / for remote display
- Batch access : for intensive usage (most of jobs)
- No direct ssh access to the nodes
- Workspace exactly the same as login nodes (exception read only on /save directory)

Cluster / Node

- Cluster : a set of compute nodes
- Node : a computer with multi-processors and huge memory

CPU / Core / Threads

- Cpu : Central Processing Unit (socket)
- Core : multi-core in a CPU
- Threads : nb of parallel execution into a cpu/core (multi-threading)

Infrastructure

User accounts

- All of your genotoul linux accounts are available on SLURM cluster
=> use **genologin** server (**instead of genotoul**)
- Access to the platform: via a command line SSH connection (putty or MobaXterm for Windows)

New frontal/login servers: genologin1 & 2

New alias for the connection: genologin.toulouse.inra.fr

- Example
- ```
$ ssh <login>@genologin.toulouse.inra.fr
```

# Infrastructure

## Disk spaces

- All of user directories (/home, /save, /work) are unchanged
- => you don't have to copy anything between cluster nodes & genologin
- Example :  
/bank (un changed) : international genomics databanks  
/usr/local/bioinfo (changed) : Bioinformatics software

# Infrastructure

## User quotas

- **2GB** for **/home** directory (configuration files only)
- **250GB** for **/save** directory (permanent data, with replication)
- **1TB** for **/work** directory (temporary compute disk space)  
Be careful : /work directory might be purged (120 days without access)
- **100,000H** annual **calculation time** (500H for private user)  
You could have more time on demand (ressource request)



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# Environment

## Environment modules

The **Environment Modules package** provides for the dynamic modification of a user's environment via modulefiles.

**module** command alter or set shell environment:

- add command in your PATH
- define specific environment variable
- add path to dependencies
- add path to specific libraries

Modules can be loaded and unloaded dynamically.

Modules are useful in managing different versions of applications.

# Environment

## Search/Find a soft (Web)

**Website** (Resources/Software): <http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/index.php/resources-2/softwares/>

Select a category:

All software

Search a software:

Search

Go

Search Results for "Admixture"

**Application** Description

Admixtools

ADMIXTOOLS (Patterson et al. 2012) is a software package that supports formal tests of whether admixture occurred, and makes it possible to infer admixture proportions and dates.

Admixture

ADMIXTURE is a software tool for maximum likelihood estimation of individual ancestries from multilocus SNP genotype datasets. It uses the same statistical model as STRUCTURE but calculates estimates much more rapidly using a fast numerical optimization algorithm.

**Link to soft website**

Not installed on  
**SLURM Cluster-**  
link to ask for

Availability/Use  
(SLURM Cluster available on 16/03/2018)

**Slurm Cluster:** Ask for Install  
**SGE Cluster:** /usr/local/bioinfo/src/ADMIXtools

Installed on  
**SLURM Cluster-**  
link to help

**SLURM Cluster:** How to use  
**SGE Cluster:** How to use

# Environment

## Search/Find a soft (CLI)

### New installation paths

Bioinfo -> /usr/local/bioinfo/src/

Compilers → /tools/compilers

Libraries → /tools/librairies

Others system tools → /tools/others\_tools

Languages (Python, R , Java..) → /tools

Useful scripts → /tools/bin (sarray, quota\_cpu, saccount\_info...). In user's default PATH.

### Commands

**ls /usr/local/bioinfo/src|grep -i <soft\_name>**

**module avail:** display all available software installed on the cluster

**module avail <category/soft\_name>:** display available versions for a specific application (with category in bioinfo,compiler,mpi or system) (case sensitive)

**search\_module <soft\_name>:** display available versions for a specific application (case insensitive)

# Environment Search examples

```
module avail bioinfo/cutadapt
```

```
-----/tools/share/Modules -----
```

```
bioinfo/cutadapt-1.14-python-2.7.2 bioinfo/cutadapt-1.14-python-3.4.3
```

```
module avail -t 2>&1 | grep -i blast
```

```
bioinfo/blast-2.2.26
```

```
bioinfo/ncbi-blast-2.2.29+
```

```
bioinfo/ncbi-blast-2.6.0+
```

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# Software usage

## Run a soft

### Run a software

To run a software you need to load the corresponding module.

**module load <modulename>**

To run a software with others software dependencies, you need to load all required modules.

### Best practices

Check modules already loaded : **module list**

Purge modules already loaded if not needed :

**module purge** (all modules)

**module unload modulename** (only one module)

# Software usage

## Usage examples

### Use Bismark\_v0.19.0

```
module load bioinfo/Bismark_v0.19.0
```

Need bowtie or bowtie2 and samtools, so :

```
module load bioinfo/bowtie2-2.3.3.1
```

```
module load bioinfo/samtools-1.4
```

```
module load bioinfo/Bismark_v0.19.0
```

```
which bismark
```

```
/usr/local/bioinfo/src/Bismark/Bismark_v0.19.0/bismark
```

```
bismark --help
```

### Use Python-2.7.2

```
module load system/Python-2.7.2
```

```
which python
```

```
/tools/python/2.7.2/bin/python
```

```
python --help
```

# Software usage

## Module command

The basic command to use is **module**:

**module** : (no arguments) print usage instructions

**module avail** : list available software module

**module load modulename** : add a module to your environment

**module unload modulename** : unload remove a module

**module purge** : remove all modules

**module show modulename** : show what changes a module will make to your environment

**module help modulename** : path to the "How\_to\_use\_SLURM\_<soft\_name>" file

For more documentation, see the Environment Module website :

<http://modules.sourceforge.net/>

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## Software documentation

- Official software documentation in the installation folder /usr/local/bioinfo/src/<soft\_name>/<soft\_version>
- Our website Software page: link to software website.

## Use on SLURM cluster

- "How\_to\_use\_SLURM\_<soft\_name>" file:
  - software installation directory /usr/local/bioinfo/src/<soft\_name>
  - our website Software page (Availability/Use column, click on SLURM cluster link).
- A basic « example\_on\_cluster » directory in the software installation directory
  - /usr/local/bioinfo/src/<soft\_name>/example\_on\_cluster

# Help

## Software help (2/2)

### HOW TO USE ON SLURM CLUSTER

```
SOFT : samtools

Site du soft: http://samtools.sourceforge.net

LICENSE:

The MIT/Expat License

See software documentation for more informations.

Location: /usr/local/bioinfo/src/samtools

```

Software  
informations

```
Load binaries and environment:

-> Version v0.1.19
module load bioinfo/samtools-0.1.19
-> Version 1.3.1
module load bioinfo/samtools-1.3.1
-> Version v1.4
module load bioinfo/samtools-1.4
or use absolute path
```

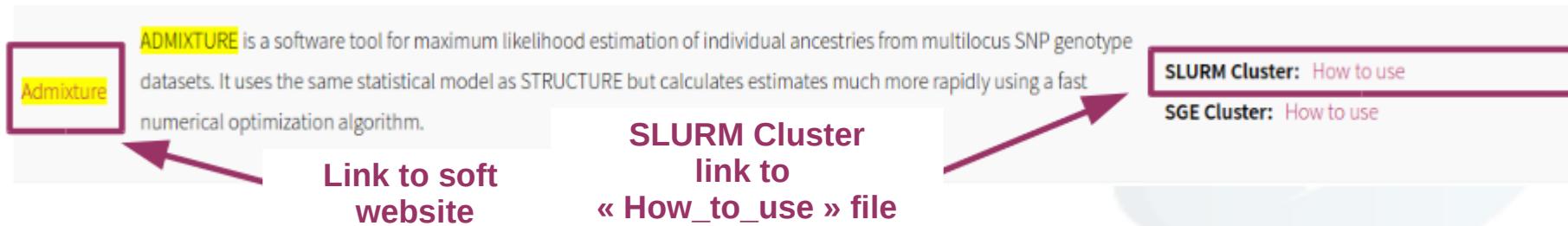
Usage and  
versions

```
Example directory for use on cluster:

/usr/local/bioinfo/src/samtools/example_on_cluster
To submit:
sbatch test v1.4.sh
```

Example

### With Admixture on our website Software page



ADMIXTURE is a software tool for maximum likelihood estimation of individual ancestries from multilocus SNP genotype datasets. It uses the same statistical model as STRUCTURE but calculates estimates much more rapidly using a fast numerical optimization algorithm.

**Admixture**

**Link to soft website**

**SLURM Cluster**  
link to  
« How\_to\_use » file

**SLURM Cluster: How to use**  
**SGE Cluster: How to use**

### With Bowtie in command line

```
ls /usr/local/bioinfo/src/bowtie/
```

```
bowtie-1.2.1.1 bowtie-1.2.1.1-linux-x86_64.zip bowtie2-2.2.9 bowtie2-2.3.3.1
bowtie2-2.3.3.1-linux-x86_64.zip example_on_cluster How_to_use_SLURM_bowtie
```

```
ls /usr/local/bioinfo/src/bowtie/example_on_cluster/
```

```
errot.txt example lambda_virus.1.bt2 lambda_virus.2.bt2 lambda_virus.3.bt2
lambda_virus.4.bt2 lambda_virus.rev.1.bt2 lambda_virus.rev.2.bt2 output.txt
test_v2-2.2.9.sh
```



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# SLURM

## System evolution

### SLURM

- Simple Linux Utility for Resource management
- Adopted by the academic community
- Supported by IT providers
- New features
- **<https://slurm.schedmd.com/>**

### CentOS-7

- Community ENTerprise Operating System
- Supported by IBM Spectrum Scale
- Cgroups (Control Groups) compatible

## Job submission

### [BATCH]

- **sbatch** : submit a batch script to slurm.
- **sarray** : submit a batch job-array to slurm
- **scancel** : kill the specified job

### [INTERACTIVE]

- **srun --pty bash** : submit an interactive session with a compute node (default workq partition).
- **srun --x11 --pty bash** : submit an interactive session with X11 forwarding (default workq partition)

For the first time, create your public key as below (onto genologin server)

```
$ ssh-keygen
$ cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub >> .ssh/authorized_keys
```

- **runVisuSession.sh** : submit a TurboVNC / VirtualGL session with the graphical node (interq partition). Just for graphics jobs.  
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# SLURM Commands (2/2)

## Job holding

- **scontrol hold** : job hold
- **scontrol release** : job release

## Job monitoring

- **sinfo** : display nodes, partitions, reservations
- **squeue** : display jobs and state
- **sacct** : display accounting data
- **scontrol show** : get informations on jobs, nodes, partitions
- **sstat** : show status of running jobs
- **sview** : graphical user interface

# SLURM

## Default parameters

- workq partition
- 1 thread
- 2GB RAM memory
- 100,000H annually compute time (more on demand)
- 10,000: max jobs for all users
- 2500: max jobs per user inside the queue
- 2500 : max tasks array per job

# SLURM

## Sample sbatch script

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --time=00:10:00 #job time limit

#SBATCH -J testjob #job name

#SBATCH -o output.out #output file name

#SBATCH -e error.out #error file name

#SBATCH --mem=8G #memory reservation

#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=4 #ncpu on the same node

#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN,END,FAIL (email address is LDAP account's)

#Purge any previous modules

module purge

#Load the application

module load bioinfo/ncbi-blast-2.2.29+

My command lines I want to run on the cluster

blastall ...
```

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# SLURM Directives (1/2)

|                                  |                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>-p workq</b>                  | #partition name  |
| <b>--time=00:10:00</b>           | #job time limit  |
| <b>-J testjob</b>                | #job name        |
| <b>-o output.out</b>             | #output file     |
| <b>-e error.out</b>              | #error file name |
| <b>--mem=8G or --mem-per-cpu</b> | #memory size     |

# SLURM Directives (2/2)

|                                      |                                             |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| <b>--cpus-per-task=4</b>             | #ncpu on the same node                      |
| <b>--mail-type=[events]</b>          | #event notification                         |
| <b>--mail-user=[address]</b>         | #default LDAP account's                     |
| <b>--export=[ALL NONE variables]</b> | #copy environment                           |
| <b>--workdir=[dir_name]</b>          | #working directory                          |
| <b>--wrap="command"</b>              | #With sbatch to submit directly one command |

# SLURM Partitions

- Each job is submitted to a specific partition (the default one is the workq).
- Each partition has a different priority considering the maximum time of execution allowed.

| <b>Partitions<br/>(queues)</b> | <b>Access</b>     | <b>Priority</b> | <b>Max time</b> | <b>Max threads</b> |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| workq                          | everyone          | 100             | 4 days (96h)    | 5272               |
| unlimitq                       | everyone          | 1               | 180 days        | 3072               |
| interq<br>(runVisusession.sh)  | on demand         |                 | 2 days (48h)    | 64                 |
| smpq                           | on demand         |                 | 180 days        | 96                 |
| wflowq                         | specific software | 200             | 180 days        | 3072               |

# SLURM Ressources

- It depends on your genotoul linux group : contributors / INRA or REGION / others.
- There are limitations on user + group of users
- It is the same thing for the RAM memory (1 thread = 4GB)

| <b>Partition / max threads</b> | <b>workq (group)</b> | <b>workq (user)</b> | <b>unlimitq (all)</b> | <b>unlimitq (user)</b> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| contributors                   | 5036                 | 768                 | 500                   | 125                    |
| Inra or region                 | 3780                 | 576                 | 500                   | 94                     |
| others                         | 1258                 | 192                 | 500                   | 31                     |

# SLURM

## Sample MPI sbatch script

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH -J mpi_job #job name
#SBATCH --nodes=2 #2 different nodes
#SBATCH --tasks-per-node=4 #4 tasks per node
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=2 #2 cpu per task
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00 #job time limit

cd $SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR
module purge
module load compiler/intel-2018.0.128 mpi/openmpi-1.8.8-intel2018.0.128
mpirun -n $SLURM_NTASKS -npernode $SLURM_NTASKS_PER_NODE ./hello_world
```

### **sbatch -a | array=<indexes>**

Submit a job array, multiple jobs to be executed with identical parameters.

Multiple values may be specified using a comma separated list and/or a range of values with a « - » separator.

Example :

--array=1-10

--array=0,6,16-32

--array=0-16:4    a step of 4

--array=1-10%2    a maximum of 2 simultaneously running task

| Variable               | Correspondance                        |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID    | Job array ID (index) number           |
| SLURM_ARRAY_JOB_ID     | Job array's master job ID number      |
| SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_MAX   | Job array's maximum ID (index) number |
| SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_MIN   | Job array's minimum ID (index) number |
| SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_COUNT | total number of tasks in a job array  |

# SLURM Job dependencies

**sbatch -d | --dependency=<dependency\_list>**

Defer the start of this job until the specified dependencies have been satisfied completed.

<dependency\_list> is on the form <type :jobID[:jobID][,type :jobID[:jobID]]>

Example :

sbatch --dependency=afterok:6265 HELLO.job

| Type       | Correspondance                                                                                                                                |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| after      | this job can begin execution after the specified jobs have begun execution                                                                    |
| afterany   | this job can begin execution after the specified jobs have terminated                                                                         |
| afterok    | This job can begin execution after the specified jobs have successfully executed (ran to completion with an exit code of zero)                |
| afternotok | This job can begin execution after the specified jobs have terminated in some failed state (non-zero exit code, node failure, timed out, etc) |

# SLURM

## --format option

Some commands (like **sacct** and **squeue**) give the possibility to **tune output format** :

Example :

```
sacct --format=jobid%-13,user%-15,uid,jobname%-15,state%20,exitcode,Derivedexitcode,nodelist% -X -j job 6969
```

| JobID | User | UID | JobName | State     | ExitCode | DerivedExitCode | NodeList      |
|-------|------|-----|---------|-----------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| 6969  | root | 0   | toto    | COMPLETED | 0:0      | 0:0             | node[101-102] |

```
squeue --format="%10i %12u %12j %.8M %.8l %.10Q %10P %10q %10r %11v %12T %D %R" -S "T"
```

| JOBID | USER     | NAME     | TIME       | TIME_LIM   | PRIORITY | PARTITION | QOS    | REASON | RESERVATION | STATE   | NODES | NODELIST(REASON) |
|-------|----------|----------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|---------|-------|------------------|
| 6612  | root     | bash     | 16:09      | 4-00:00:00 | 1        | workq     | normal | None   | (null)      | RUNNING | 2     | node[101-102]    |
| 6542  | dgorecki | TurboVNC | 1-06:27:44 | UNLIMITED  | 1        | interq    | normal | None   | (null)      | RUNNING | 1     | genoview         |

These useful scripts are already in your default path or /tools/bin

- **saccount\_info <login>**: account expiration date and last password change date, primary and secondary Linux group, status of your Linux primary group in Slurm (contributors, inraregion or others), groups' members, some Slurm limitations of your account : cpu and memory limit, CPU Time ...
- **sq\_long or sq\_debug**: squeue long format
- **sa\_debug**: sacct long format
- **squota\_cpu**: see your CPU time limit.
- **seff <jobid>**: check the efficiency of your job (cpu, memory)

# Further informations

## More SLURM directives (+)

--depend=[state:job\_id]  
--nodelist=[nodes]  
--array=[array\_spec]  
--begin=[datetime]  
--exclusive or shared

#partition name (-hold\_jid)  
#host preference (-I hostname)  
#job arrays (-t )  
#begin time (-a)  
#resource sharing (-l exclusive)

# Further informations SLURM variables (+)

|                                |                   |                           |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>\$SLURM_JOBID</b>           | #jobID            | (\$JOB_ID)                |
| <b>\$SLURM_SUBMIT_DIR</b>      | #submit directory | (\$SGE_O_WORKDIR)         |
| <b>\$SLURM_SUBMIT_HOST</b>     | #submit host      | (\$SGE_O_HOST)            |
| <b>\$SLURM_NODELIST</b>        | #node list        | (\$PE_HOSTFILE)           |
| <b>\$SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID</b>   | #job array index  | (\$SGE_TASK_ID)           |
| <br>                           |                   |                           |
| <b>\$SLURM_NNODES</b>          |                   | (#SBATCH -N)              |
| <b>\$SLURM_NTASKS</b>          |                   | (#SBATCH -n)              |
| <b>\$SLURM_NTASKS_PER_NODE</b> |                   | (#SBATCH --task-per-node) |
| <b>\$SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK</b>   |                   | (#SBATCH -c)              |



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# Best practices Resources

## Cluster is a shared resource, so ... think about the others

- try to adapt requested resources to your needs.
- **DO NOT run data treatments on frontal servers:**

### Why ?

- overloading frontal servers slow down everyone.
- overloading frontal servers can crash frontal servers and block everyone.
- more time for the administrators to answer support requests.

Check your process on frontal servers : **\$ pstree -u <login>**

**Any data treatment launched on the servers "genologin" will be immediately killed by the system administrators**

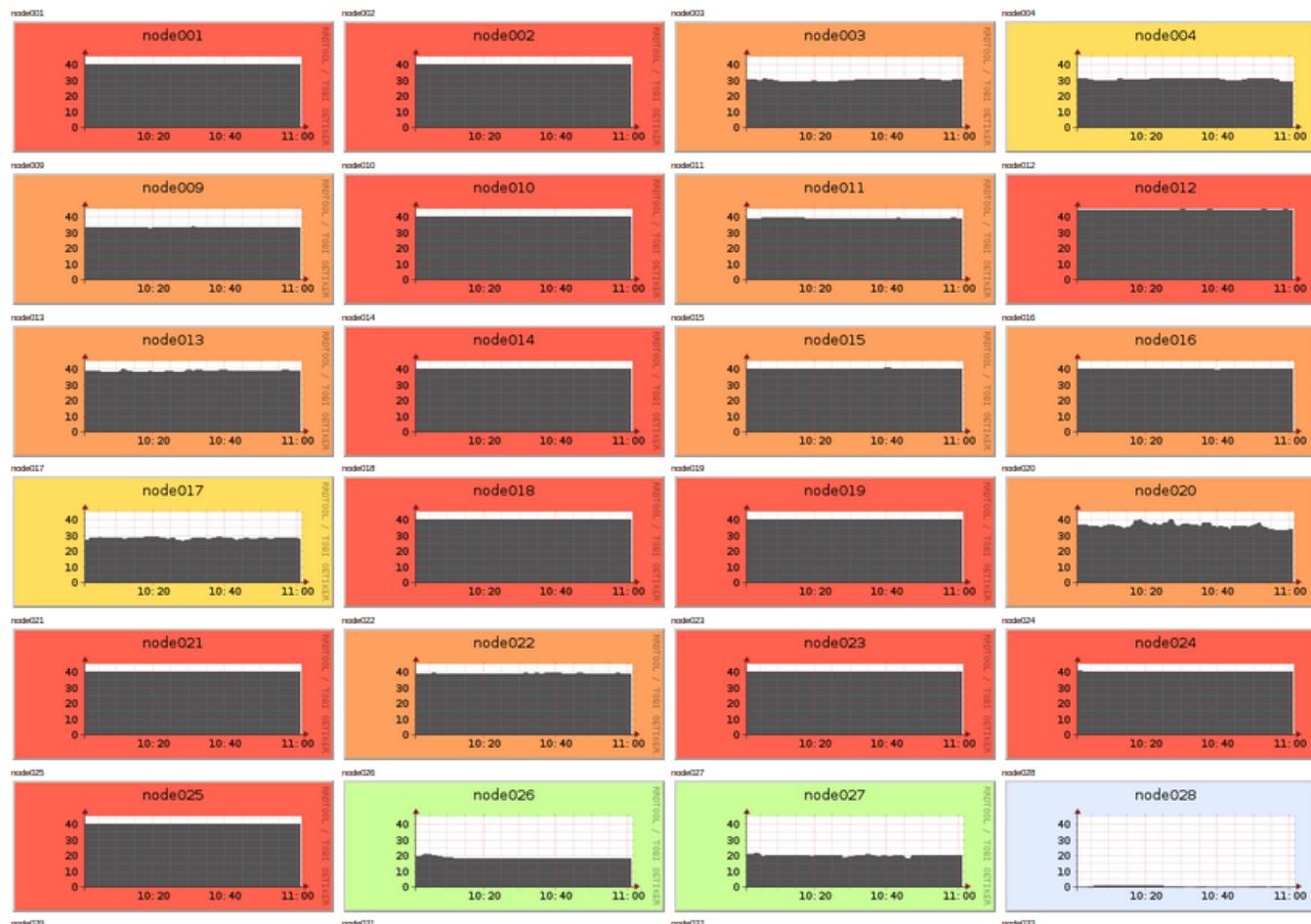


# Support

## Cluster monitoring

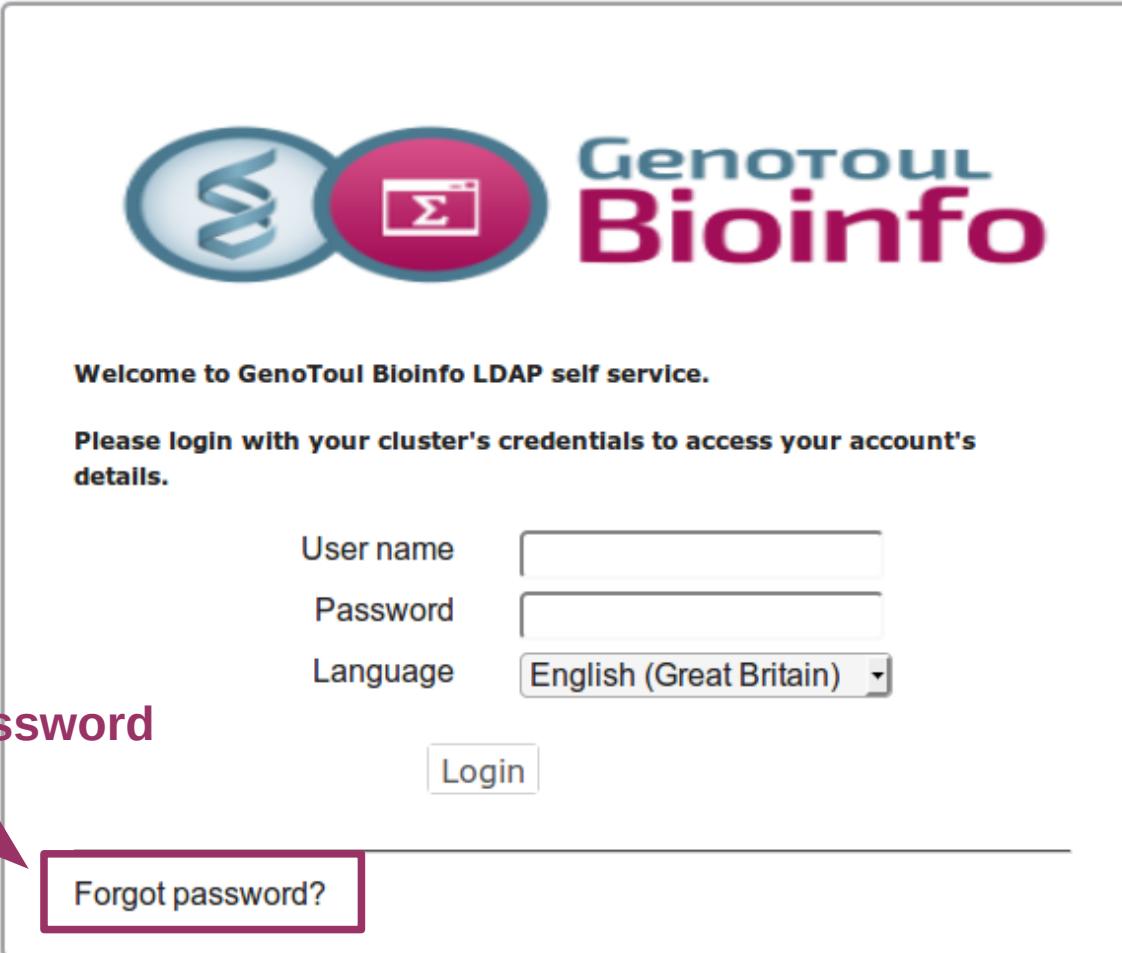
ganglia → <http://monitoring.bioinfo.genotoul.fr>

(or our website : Resources/Monitoring)



## Account information and password change

**Self Service** → <http://selfservice.bioinfo.genotoul.fr>



Welcome to GenoToul Bioinfo LDAP self service.

Please login with your cluster's credentials to access your account's details.

User name

Password

Language

Login

Forgot password?

Change your password  
(every year)

# Support

- **Bioinfo genotoul website :**

<http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/>

- **Bioinfo Genotoul Chart**

<http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/wp-content/uploads/ChartPFBioinfoGenoToul.pdf>

- **FAQ**

<http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/index.php/faq/>

- **Support**

Mail: [support.bioinfo.genotoul@inra.fr](mailto:support.bioinfo.genotoul@inra.fr)

Fill form (best for us): <http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/index.php/ask-for/support/>



# End of Presentation

**Thanks for your attention !**



- **Find "How\_to\_use\_SLURM\_<soft\_name>" file path**

```
$ module help bioinfo/bowtie2-2.2.9
```

```
----- Module Specific Help for 'bioinfo/bowtie2-2.2.9' -----
```

See How\_to\_use file: /usr/local/bioinfo/src/bowtie/How\_to\_use\_SLURM\_bowtie

- **Browse all "How\_to\_use\_SLURM\_<soft\_name>" files** (in your web browser)

[http://vm-genobiotoul.toulouse.inra.fr/How\\_to\\_Softs/](http://vm-genobiotoul.toulouse.inra.fr/How_to_Softs/)

- **Updated FAQ:** <http://bioinfo.genotoul.fr/index.php/faq/>

### One user = one account

You are responsible of the damage caused by your login.

### Default permissions directories

- **home:** drwxr-x—x : Read, Write, eXecution for the owner, Read and eXecution for the group members, eXecution for all.
- **save and work:** drwxr-x--- : Read, Write, eXecution for user, Read and Execution for your group members, no permissions for all.

To change permissions: **chmod** command